# 4th Grade Summer Review





Happy Summer Break 4th Graders!!!

We have had a wonderful year together! With new math skills, language lessons, and all of our various reading, the students have accomplished a lot and we are extremely proud of them! As a review of our year, we have put together this summer packet to review some of the lessons we covered. The packets are for extra academic practice. It is not required work, but just some good practice that can help them maintain some of their skills and confidence to carry with them into next year. If they complete the packet and turn it in to their teacher next August, they will be rewarded with a Jeans Day. They will not be collected for grades. Attached there is a letter with additional IXL practice if you would like your child to practice more skills.

Good Luck In 5th Grade!

Forever Blessings, Mrs. Mills and Mrs. Willkomm

For additional review material, please visit these sites:

### Math:

http://www.fun4thebrain.com/multiplication/jellyjumpmult.html (multiplication facts)
http://static.arcademics.com/games/penguin-jump.swf (multiplication facts)
http://mrnussbaum.com/drag-and-drop-math/ (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division)

http://www.ictgames.com/sharkNumbers/sharkNumbers\_v5.html (base ten)
http://www.mathbuddyonline.com/samplelessons/game/how-good-do-vou-understand-place
-values-2/m4h5c1t1p6/417/1/-/0 (place value)

### English:

https://quizlet.com/150992727/subject-and-predicate-subject-and-predicate-flash-cards/ (subject and predicate)

https://quizlet.com/194708483/parts-of-speech-parts-of-speech-flash-cards/ (parts of speech)

### **Social Studies:**

https://quizlet.com/152676396/50-states-and-50-capitals-flash-cards/ (states and capitals)

### Religion:

https://quizlet.com/128493184/beatitudes-flash-cards/ (Beatitudes)
https://quizlet.com/168883695/10-commandments-catholic-style-flash-cards/

Dear Students/Parents,

You have worked very hard this year in math learning many skills and concepts. Therefore, it is important to maintain what you have learned. The following summer assignment will allow us to have a strong start in August.

### Instructions:

1) Go to: https://www.ixl.com

You can use your home computer or you can download IXL's free tablet apps for iPad, Android, or Kindle.

- 2) Enter your username and password and click "sign in." You MUST sign in with your username and password every time you work on IXL or your session will not be reported/saved.
- 3) If you happen to finish all the recommended skills, then you may work on any skills in either the grade level you are entering or the grade level you just completed. Please work on the skills below in the fourth grade level.

Please work on these skills (4th Grade). These are recommended to prepare you for 5th grade.

**A. Number Sense**; 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 18, 21, 26

**D. Multiplication**; 15, 20, 22, 38, 43

E. Division; 17, 22, 23

M. Units of Measurement; 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11

O. Fraction Equivalent and Ordering; 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12, 14, 15, 19, 23, 24, 26

**S. Decimals;** 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 12, 15, 18, 19

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C
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Multiplication
<u>~</u>
Basic

	4 O	x 10	× 3 /	0 ×	× ×
	× 5	× ×	× 2 %	10 ×	× ×
\	× 8	8 × 7	× ×	10 × 5	×
**************************************	× × ×	× ×	× 5	x 23	0 x
***************************************	0 x	x 10	× 4	×	χ ×
	× 28	10 x 7	x 4	9 ×	× 2
	× 20	x 10 x	×	× 10 8	X
	×	ო ო ×	× 22	8 6/ ×	× 4 ∞
	× 7 3	×	6 6 ×	× 2.2	× 0.4
	× 4	× 2	× ×	× ∞ 4	× 5

Created using the Basic Multiplication Worksheet Generator on Super Teacher Worksheets (www.superteacherworksheets.com)

out of 50

Score:

minutes

Time:

人名莫多法 医外侧术 化多光谱 计显示法 医乳腺 医骨骨周围 拉克拉耳 医阿耳氏氏畸形氏畸胎 医神经神经病 医阑尾神经炎 网络阿拉纳斯纳斯特 计可引用 计分子 人名英格兰人姓氏克尔氏征含于含于古英语含于含于古英语的

## **Basic Multiplication**

× 8 ×	9 × 7	4 ×	×	× ×
x 10 x	× ×	× 7	×	x 10 6
× ×	× 6	×	4 01 ×	× N
6 ×	× 2	× 4 ×	× × 5 %	X W
10 x 2	× 7	× 7 ×	4 ×	x 10 x
6 6 ×	× 8	×	× × ×	× 10
8 ×	× 4 5	× 2 2	× 4	×
6 ×	× 7	×	× 2 ×	× 27
x 10	×	10 X 5	4 ×	0 ×
× 75	×	× 200	0 ×	× % &

Created using the Basic Multiplication Worksheet Generator on Super Teacher Worksheets (www.superteacherworksheets.com)

out of 50

Score:

minutes

Time:

3-Digit by 1-Digit Multiplication

### The Invisible Man Goes to the Doctor

Find the products. Then, solve the riddle by matching the letters to the blank lines below.



O 223

**I** 413

G 976

\$ 908

**1** 232 <u>x 5</u> R 144

E 622 <u>x 8</u>

N 567

[S] 400 <u>x 4</u> E 167

R 444

N 128

I 349 x 8

W 987 <u>x 0</u> Y 987 <u>x</u> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

R 500 <u>x 7</u>

A 756

T 287

H 107

Y 128

**©** 510 <u>x 6</u> **U** 546

C 600

### What did the doctor say to the invisible man?

1,338

1,008

987

1,800 6,804 512 1,160 1,600 501 4,976

256 3,060 1,092

3,500 3,304 8,784 749 1,148

1,701 670

### Multiplication

### Graph Paper Division

a.

5 1, 4 7 8

b

4 3, 4 7 5

¢

3 1. 1 6 5

d.

4 3, 2 6 4

Θ.

7 2, 3 5 5

f.

3 2, 1 9 4

g

4 2, 7 6 0

h,

6 2, 5 6 2

i.

8 3, 3 8 5

### **Equivalent Fractions**

Fill in the missing fraction parts.

a.





$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{8}{8}$$

b.



$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{3}{3}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} = \overline{10}$$

d.

$$\frac{6}{12} = \frac{6}{6}$$

€.

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

f.

$$\frac{1}{6} = \overline{12}$$

g.

$$\frac{5}{10} = \frac{5}{6}$$

h.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$$

I.

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{2}{6}$$

Matrix

$$\frac{1}{4} = \overline{12}$$

K.

$$\frac{6}{9} = \frac{3}{3}$$

1

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{10}{10}$$

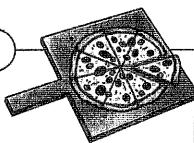
m.

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{1}{12}$$

n.

Ő.

### Simplifying Fractions



Simplify each fraction.

**a.** 
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 =

**b.** 
$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 =

c. 
$$\frac{3}{6}$$

d. 
$$\frac{4}{12}$$
 =

e. 
$$\frac{7}{14}$$
 =

i. 
$$\frac{2}{20} = g$$
.  $\frac{3}{9} =$ 

g. 
$$\frac{3}{9} =$$

h. 
$$\frac{6}{9} =$$

i. 
$$\frac{8}{10} =$$

$$\int_{1.5}^{1.5} =$$

j. 
$$\frac{5}{15} =$$
 k.  $\frac{8}{72} =$ 

1. 
$$\frac{5}{20}$$
 =

m. 
$$\frac{4}{6} =$$

n. 
$$\frac{21}{28}$$

n. 
$$\frac{21}{28}$$
 = 0.  $\frac{4}{18}$  =

**p.** 
$$\frac{33}{55}$$
 =

**q.** What is  $\frac{3}{18}$  written in simplest form? Explain how you found your answer.

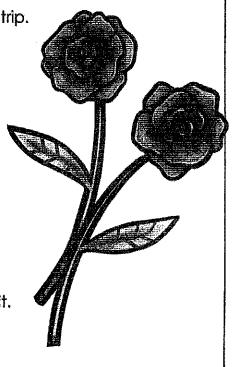
Name:	
1 10111107	

### Parts of Speech

Sometimes, a word can be more than one part of speech. You can identify the part of speech by identifying the job the word does in the sentence.

Read each sentence below and look carefully at the underlined words.

- If the word names a person, place, thing, or idea, it is a NOUN. Write N on the line.
- If the word shows an action, it is a VERB. Write V on the line.
- If the word describes a noun, it is an ADJECTIVE. Write A on the line.
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Tara picked a fresh rose out of the garden for her aunt.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Do you know anyone with a rose garden?
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ The sleeping bear cubs rose and patted their mother for attention.
- 4. \_\_\_\_ We will book a hotel room before leaving for our trip.
- 5. \_\_\_\_ Calvin bought a new book in his favorite series.
- 6. \_\_\_\_ Do you belong to a book club?
- 7. \_\_\_\_ If you corner the mouse, you can catch it easily.
- 8. \_\_\_\_ One <u>corner</u> of my poster was bent.
- 9. We live in the corner house.
- 10. Some paper will yellow with age.
- 11. \_\_\_\_\_ Sara needs more <u>yellow</u> paint to finish the portrait.
- 12. Yellow is a warm color.
- 13. I ate some baby carrots for lunch.
- 14. \_\_\_\_ The newborn baby cried all night.
- 15. \_\_\_\_ My dad will baby his new car by waxing it every week.



### Main Idea

Read each paragraph and choose the main idea.

Brad is sixteen years old and yesterday he had his first driving lesson. "Back out of the driveway carefully," his dad said. "Be sure you look in the mirror to make sure nobody is behind you." Brad backed the car up and turned the wheel quickly. He and his father felt the car go bump. Oh no! Brad hit the mailbox.

The main idea of this paragraph is:

- a. Brad's father was angry.
- b. Brad has good driving skills.
- c. Brad's first driving lesson did not go well.
- d. Brad always drives poorly.

It was Mother's Day so Amy and Rob woke up early and snuck into the kitchen. Amy cracked some eggs into a bowl and stirred them up. Rob put some bread in the toaster. "Do you think Mom will be surprised?" Rob asked. "I'm sure of it," answered Amy. Amy poured the eggs into a pan and began to cook them. Rob and Amy quietly cooked so they did not wake their mother.

The main idea of this paragraph is:

- a. Amy and Rob made too much noise.
- b. Amy made scrambled eggs.
- c. Rob made toast.
- d. Amy and Rob made breakfast for their mom.

Ivy and her friend, Fern, went bowling last
Thursday. Ivy had never bowled before, but she
was excited to fry. On the first frame, Ivy's ball
landed in the gutter. She knocked down one or two
pins on most of her turns. Ivy did not get any strikes
or spares. Fern said to Ivy, "The score doesn't
matter as long as we are having fun."

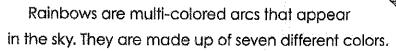
The main idea of this paragraph is:

- a. Ivy is an excellent bowler.
- b. Ivy and Fern will go bowling again.
- c. Ivy is a better bowler than Fern.
- d. Ivy is not a good bowler.

Name:	

### The Magic of Rainbows

By Lydia Lukidis



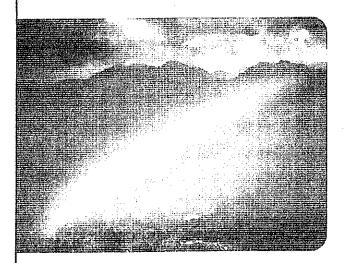
These colors are always in the same order. They are: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet. An easy way to remember them is by the name ROY G. BIV. The letters in the name stand for each color.

Rainbows are beautiful. But they are rare. They don't happen every day. You probably know that you need two things for a rainbow to form. You need light and water. Rainbows often happen when the sun comes out after it has rained. Or there could be water in the form of mist, spray, fog, and dew. But what makes all these wonderful colors appear?

You may think that sunlight is white light. This is half true. To our eyes, it does look white. But inside that light, there are other colors. Can you guess which ones? It's the seven colors of the rainbow! We can't see them with our eyes. When a beam of sunlight shines down, we see white light. But if that beam of light hits a raindrop at a certain angle, it bends. This is called reflection and refraction. When this happens, the colors that make up the beam separate. Then they form a rainbow,

Let's get a bit more scientific. Light acts like a wave that vibrates. Every color has its own wave. The colors slow down at different speeds when they go into the raindrop. When they get reflected, they bend at different angles. So the light that enters the raindrop is white. But when it exits, it is a different color. Each raindrop actually makes its own rainbow. And when there are many raindrops, they create a bigger rainbow that we can see.

These seven colors are also called the spectrum of light. It was the scientist Sir Isaac Newton who first discovered this. He figured out that white light contains these colors, and that this causes rainbows. He discovered this in 1672 when he conducted some experiments.



You may think a rainbow is an arc or a half-circle. But actually, a rainbow is a full circle of light. It just appears to be broken in half, because we are looking at it from the ground. A rainbow can't be touched either. It may look solid, but it is not a physical object.

Another fun fact about rainbows is that they're not located at a

specific distance. If you try to follow or approach it, it won't get any closer. The rainbow will always be visible at the angle the raindrops bend the light. So don't try to chase a rainbow, because it's impossible!

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	lainbows				
Ву	Lydia Lukidis				
	what does the acronym ROY G. BIV stanswer, make sure you list one word for	or every lette	r of the acr	onym.	
2.	which two things are required to produce a. light and oxygen  b. water and light	Jugo of Fair R			
2.	a. light and oxygen				
	<ul><li>a. light and oxygen</li><li>b. water and light</li><li>c. wind and clouds</li></ul>		it the raind	op in the fo	rm of
	<ul> <li>a. light and oxygen</li> <li>b. water and light</li> <li>c. wind and clouds</li> <li>d. rain and wind</li> </ul> When white light enters a raindrop, wind		it the raind	op in the fo	rm of

- 4. In the article, you learned that white light is actually made up of the seven colors of the rainbow. Why can't we see those colors when the sunlight is shining down on us on a clear day?
  - a. The colors are only visible once they've bent and separated by passing through a raindrop at different speeds.
  - **b.** The colors are only visible when the sunlight reflects off glass or ice.
  - c. You can only see the colors when the sun peeks through a snow storm.
  - d. You can only see the colors in certain parts of the world, such as the tropics.